Financial Statements

Year Ended September 30, 2014

Financial Statements For the year ended September 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report
December 1, 2014

To the Board of Directors Mountain Rides Transportation Authority Ketchum, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain Rides Transportation Authority (MRTA), as of and for the year ended, September 30, 2014, which collectively comprise the MRTA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain Rides Transportation Authority, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis (pages 3-8) and budgetary comparison information (pages 18 –20) be included in the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the MRTA's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 21, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In Accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated December 1, 2014, on my consideration of the MRTA's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the MRTA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

DENNIS R BROWN
Certified Public Account

Certified Public Accountant

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Twin Falls, Idaho

MOUNTAIN RIDES TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

This discussion and analysis is intended to provide an overview of Mountain Rides Transportation Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 (FY2014). Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the Basic Financial Statements that accompany this MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. Mountain Rides, as a provider of public transportation services, continued to receive several significant sources of federal transportation funding through the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) in FY2014. These FTA funding sources include 5311 Rural Transportation for general rural transit operations; 5316 Job Access, Reverse Commute (JARC) for operating commuter services; 5317 New Freedom (NF) and 5310 Rural Transportation for operating additional demand response service and the Hailey Route. Under the current federal transportation bill, MAP-21, the 5316 and 5317 programs have been eliminated and funding for these activities are now included in the 5311 and 5310 programs. The net effect of this consolidation could be less federal funding for Mountain Rides under the MAP-21 bill. Future awards of federal funding to Mountain Rides are dependent on a funding process that is defined by the Idaho Transportation Department, as the administrator of the FTA funds for the rural areas of Idaho. It should be noted that the process that ITD has used to date is currently under review and may result in more or less federal funding for Mountain Rides in future years beyond 2015, depending on how that funding process is changed going forward. In FY2014, Mountain Rides was able to carryover unused awards under the old JARC and NF programs. This resulted in federal funding at levels greater than that in FY2013. However, it is expected that these remaining funds will be fully used by the end of FY2015 and 5310 and 5311 will be the only remaining funding sources.
- 2. Funding from local tax sources provided by the cities of Ketchum, Hailey, Sun Valley and Blaine County in 2014 was essentially flat compared to 2013. As our single largest source of operational funds, we rely heavily on funding from our local financial partners to maintain operations and service levels, as well as provide the local match portion required to for receipt of federal funding (all federal transit funding programs require that local entities share in the cost of operating and maintaining transit systems). In 2014 local revenues were allocated between operating needs and capital needs at a ratio of 86% to operations and 14% to capital accounts. Future local funding is anticipated to increase slightly, as local resort option tax receipts improve, which should help to buffer Mountain Rides from any fluctuation in federal funding. However, due to expected increased costs and limited capital funding, FY2014 service levels were cut by 5% over FY2013 service levels. The FY2014 service levels are sustainable for FY2015 and no further reductions are anticipated, based on current funding.
- 3. Capital facility projects continued to move forward in FY2014. Mountain Rides completed the purchase of 2 Blaine County owned lots in Bellevue Idaho for the construction of its south valley maintenance facility. Design is currently underway with construction anticipated to begin in the spring of 2015. Design work on the downtown Ketchum transportation center is complete and construction of that project will also begin in spring 2015.
- 4. Capital equipment vehicle replacements and refurbishments continued in FY2014, per Mountain Rides' adopted 5 year Capital Improvement Plan. Mountain Rides completed the purchase and delivery of a new 35' heavy duty bus in FY2014 which allowed reduced reliance on older vehicles in the fleet. This purchase was funded through the FTA 5339 funding program. Mountain Rides also refurbished two heavy duty buses utilizing state vehicle improvement funding and local match from the capital equipment fund. These buses were beyond their minimum useful life but will be very serviceable for years to come after being refurbished. Several commuter vans were added and replaced in FY2014, funded through fares.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of two parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 9 and 10) provide information about the activities of Mountain Rides as a whole and present a longer-term view of its finances. Fund financial statements start on page 11. These statements indicate how capital programs and services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

MD&A Continued --

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Government-wide Financial Statements

Mountain Rides' analysis of its operations as a whole begins on page 9. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about Mountain Rides' activities and include all assets and liabilities using accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by the most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report Mountain Rides' net position and changes in them. Net Position – the difference between assets and liabilities – is one way to measure Mountain Rides' financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are one indicator of whether financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in revenue sources and the overall condition of MR's fleet, aid in assessing overall health. The Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position column on the Statement of Activities (on page 10) helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance Mountain Rides' programs. Mountain Rides' financial resources for FY2014 were higher (an increase of \$268,958) over the year.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 11. The Balance Sheets – Governmental funds provides information about Mountain Rides consolidated position, including its Operations Fund and all Capital funds. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provides information on the activities of each category of Mountain Rides Funds; its operational activities in General Operations, Capital activities in Capital Projects and its Workforce Housing activities in Work Force Housing. All of Mountain Rides' basic services are reported in General Operations Fund. All funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash.

Mountain Rides position as a whole

Mountain Rides' combined net position in FY2013 as compared to FY2014 increased from \$4,503,816 to \$4,772,774 reflecting an increase in capital activities for the period ended 9/30/2014 (see Table 1 below). In looking at the detail, specifically the Current Asset position, Mountain Rides' cash position has improved significantly. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints changed from \$948,089 at the end of FY2013 to \$1,117,997 at the end of 2014, an increase of 15%. This cash build up will provide the local match funding for capital projects currently underway and for future capital projects. A portion of this unrestricted net position will also be used as carryover in FY2015 to support operations. Mountain Rides also retains some of this unrestricted cash as a contingency fund for cases of delays in receiving federal or local funding, as well as unforeseen emergencies.

Table 1:		atement of Net Ass	ets	
	As of Septem	FY2014		FY2013
Current and other assets		112011		1 1 2 0 1 3
Cash and Deposits	\$	948,731	\$	676,619
Receivables		138,359	•	257,573
Inventories		160,378		142,858
Total Current Assets	_	1,247,468		1,077,050
Capital assets (net of depreciation)		3,654,777		3,555,727
Total Assets	\$_	4,902,245	\$	4,632,777
Current Liabilities	\$	93,651	\$	89,843
Long-term liabilities		35,820		39,118
Total Liabilities		129,471	_	128,961
Net assets:	_			
Invested in capital assets				
net of related debt		3,654,777		3,555,727
Restricted				
Unrestricted		1,117,997		948,089
Total Net Assets	\$_	4,772,774	\$	4,503,816
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$_	4,902,245	\$	4,632,777

Mountain Rides' total revenues increased by more than 18 percent. Federal funding was up from \$976,411 to \$1,419,211. This increase was attributable to increased federal capital funds and unexpected 5316 and 5317 funds carried over from previous years. Total Expenditures, the total cost of all programs and services, increased by 25 percent, almost entirely the result of capital expenditures. (see Table 2)

Table 2: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Compared
As of September 30, 2014

	FY	2014		FY2013
Revenue:			-	
Federal Funding	\$ 1,4	119,211	\$	976,411
State Funding		7,592		13,899
Local Funding	1,2	220,820		1,189,001
Fare Revenue	4	123,042		377,839
Advertising		54,323		67,403
Interest from Investments		906		1,032
Other Revenue	-	47,222		58,268
Total revenues	3,1	173,116		2,683,853
Program expenses:				
Wages	1,5	519,030		1,516,540
Fuel	3	319,688		355,288
Repairs an Maintenance	1	195,918		155,715
Rent and Utilities		64,169		44,941
Contracted Services		28,832		29,671
Marketing and Promotion		44,883		49,507
Insurance	1	108,676		80,895
Capital Expenditures	ϵ	595,355		115,307
Supplies		19,553		24,639
Traveling and Training		14,087		0
Printing and Reproduction		11,089		12,356
Miscellaneous		2,746		27,860
Total Expenditures	3,0)24,026		2,412,719
Excess Revenues (Expenditures)	1	149,090		271,134
Beginning Fund Balance	8	344,349		573,215
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 9	93,439	\$	844,349

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year Mountain Rides revised its General Operating Fund budget. This budget amendment was made as a result of changes in expected federal revenues and expenses. The availability of 5316 and 5317 funds and the award of funding for bike programs was unbudgeted and became known in early 2014.

The increase in budgeted revenue was offset by higher than budgeted payroll expense to account for a new bike /ped coordinator, increased medical insurance and liability insurance premiums and additional rent expense to cover a south valley, winter-only facility rental for bus storage.

MD&A Continued --

Despite these adjustments, Actual Revenues and Expenditures resulted in an excess of \$164,334; savings in fuel and tight expense control being the primary contributors.

Capital Funds Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year Mountain Rides also revised its Capital Fund budget to account for the successful acquisition of the Blaine County owned lots in Bellevue and the replacement of vanpool vans.

Workforce Housing Fund Budgetary Highlights

Mountain Rides maintains 5 workforce housing units, all of which were fully occupied for FY2014. Actual Revenues and Expenditures were \$2,286 more compared to the Budgeted amounts due to lower than budgeted repairs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of FY2014 Mountain Rides had \$3,654,777 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including its Ketchum building, various bus shelters, vehicles and tools and equipment. This amount represents a net increase of \$99,050, or 3 percent, as compared to last year. The purchase of a new bus and land in Bellevue for the South Town facility accounted for the majority of the changes. (see Table 3)

Table 3: Cap	ital Assets for all Funds	
	FY 2014	FY 2013
Governmental Activities:		
Land	\$ 210,000	\$ 125,000
Construction in Progress	83,774	0
Depreciable Capital Assets:		
Buildings and Improvements	2,080,168	2,080,168
Buses and Vehicles	4,214,928	3,848,718
Equipment	100,116	90,441
Totals	6,395,212	6,019,327
Less Accumulated Depreciation		
Buildings and Improvements	736,350	680,377
Buses and Vehicles	2,240,784	1,859,095
Equipment	57,075	49,128
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,034,209	2,588,600
Net Capital Assets	3,654,777	3,555,727

Mountain Rides fiscal-year 2015 capital budget includes \$1,400,000 for capital projects, principally for the Ketchum transportation plaza, \$440,000, and the construction of a south valley facility, \$965,000. Funding for these projects is in place and consists of federal funds, Mountain Rides' cash reserves and local funds.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND FARES

Mountain Rides board of directors considered many factors when setting the FY2015 budget and fare structure. The single biggest consideration was the unknowns associated with the future of federal funding.

MD&A Continued --

Mountain Rides is doing its best to plan for this decline by looking at ways to reduce costs and improve delivery of service.

While the federal funding for the future is unknown and subject to congressional action and changes in state administration of the funding, the local funding picture has improved somewhat and can, perhaps, buffer Mountain Rides from the uncertainties associated with federal funding. Additionally, Mountain Rides must determine an alternate course for capital equipment needs that is more focused on refurbishing existing equipment, as opposed to purchasing new equipment. Mountain Rides will continue to pursue all possible funding opportunities for both operations and capital needs.

When setting fares for the Valley Route and vanpool routes, Mountain Rides has been keenly aware of the potential negative impacts to existing riders if fare rates were to increase significantly. As a result, Mountain Rides has held most of its fares steady with no fare increases in recent years. Going forward, there are anticipated to be some adjustments in fares to help bolster fare-box revenues. The discussion about whether routes that are currently free should have a fare charged continues to come up and is anticipated to be a discussion topic for future budgets.

CONTACTING FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide all Blaine County citizens and taxpayers, Mountain Rides' customers, and its financial partners with a general overview of its finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jason Miller, Executive Director at (208) 788-7433 or Jason@mountinrides.org

Statement of Net Position at September 30, 2014

		ernmental ctivities
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets: Cash and Deposits Accounts Receivable Federal Grants Receivable Inventories	\$ 978,709 18,787 89,594 160,378	
Total Current Assets		\$ 1,247,468
Non-Current Assets: Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment Totals Accumulated Deprecation	210,000 83,774 2,080,168 4,315,044 6,688,986 (3,034,209)	
Total Non-Current Assets		3,654,777
Total Assets		\$4,902,245_
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Payroll Liabilities	\$ 61,766 31,885	
Total Current Liabilities		\$ 93,651
Long-term Liabilities: Compensated Absences		35,820
Total Liabilities		129,471
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Invested in Capital Assets - net of related debt Unrestricted	3,654,777 1,117,997	
Total Net Position		\$4,772,774

The accompanying notes are a part of these financial statements.

MOUNTAIN RIDES TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2014

		Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenues a		
			Fees, Fines, and Charges		Capital Grants and	<u>C</u>	hanges in Net Position Governmental	
Activities:	Expenses	_	for Services	. (Contributions		Activities	
Governmental:								
General OperationsGovernment	\$ 2,298,90	5 \$	442,365	\$	1,025,366	\$	(831,174)	
Special Services:								
Capital Projects	565,82		35,000		393,845		(136,982)	
Work Force Housing	8,94	8_	31,201			_	22,253	
Total MRTA	\$ 2,873,68	<u>0</u> \$	508,566	\$	1,419,211	_	(945,903)	
	General Rev	enue	es:					
			ment Funding				1,228,412	
	Private D	onat	ions				1,220,112	
			l Revenues				1,001	
	Interest I		1e n Dispostion of	` Δ ς σ	zets		906 (15,458)	
	Miscella	,	_	2 101		-	(13,436)	
	Total	gene	ral revenues and	l tra	nsfers		1,214,861	
	•	Chan	ges in net asset	S			268,958	
	Net Position	- Be	eginning				4,503,816	
	Net Position	- Er	nding			\$ _	4,772,774	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

for the year ended September 30, 2014

		General Fund		Capital Reserve Fund		Work Force Housing Fund		Total
ASSETS:		1 4114	•	110501 10 1 4114	_	Tunu		Total
Cash and Cash Deposits Accounts Receivable Federal Grants Receivable Due From Other Funds	\$	648,133 17,076 33,932	\$	297,716 1,711 55,662 11,090	\$	32,860	\$ 	978,709 18,787 89,594 11,090
Total Assets	\$_	699,141	\$.	366,179	\$ =	32,860	=	1,098,180
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Expenses Due To Other Funds		50,158 31,885 11,090	-	11,217	_	391	_	61,766 31,885 11,090
Total Liabilities	_	93,133	-	11,217		391	_	104,741
FUND BALANCE:								
Non-spendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		294,663 311,345		354,962	_	32,469		0 0 354,962 327,132 311,345
Total Fund Balance		606,008	_	354,962		32,469	_	993,439
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	699,141	\$_	366,179	\$_	32,860	\$_	1,098,180
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because: Governmental fund capital assets are not find a second of the fords. The cost of the fords.	nancia	l resources and	thei	ų J				
are not reported in the funds. The cost of and the accumulated depreciation is \$ 3,0								3,654,777
Inventory								160,378
Compensated absences								(35,820)
Net Position of Governmental Funds							\$ =	4,772,774

The accompanying notes are a part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

for the year ended September 30, 2014

	_	General Fund	Capital Reserve Fund	-	Work Force Housing Fund		Totals
REVENUE:							
Federal Funding	\$	1,025,366	\$ •	\$		\$	1,419,211
State Funding		4,957	2,635				7,592
Local Funding		1,010,368	210,452				1,220,820
Fare Revenues		372,543	35,000				407,543
Charter Bus and Bike Share Revenue		15,499					15,499
Workforce Housing Revenue					31,201		31,201
Advertising		54,323					54,323
Interest Income		500	373		33		906
Proceeds on Sale of Assets			15,020				15,020
Other Revenues	-	501	500	-			1,001
Total Revenue	_	2,484,057	657,825	-	31,234		3,173,116
EXPENDITURES:							
Wages and Benefits		1,519,030					1,519,030
Fuel		319,688					319,688
Repairs and Maintenance		192,856			3,062		195,918
Rent and Utilities		58,419			5,750		64,169
Contracted Services		28,832			•		28,832
Marketing and Promotion		44,883					44,883
Insurance		108,676					108,676
Capital Expenditures			695,355				695,355
Supplies		19,553	•				19,553
Travel and Training		14,087					14,087
Printing and Reproduction		11,089					11,089
Miscellaneous	_	2,610		_	136		2,746
Total Expenditures	_	2,319,723	695,355	-	8,948	-	3,024,026
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)		164,334	(37,530)		22,286		149,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers from other funds		20,000	25,982				45,982
Operating transfers (to) other funds	_	(25,982)		-	(20,000)		(45,982)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		158,352	(11,548)		2,286		149,090
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_	447,656	366,510	_	30,183		844,349
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ =	606,008	\$ 354,962	\$ =	32,469	\$_	993,439

The accompanying notes are a part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities for the year ended September 30, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds (Page 8)	\$ 149,090
Governmental funds report capital outlays as current year expenditures. In the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of current capital outlay for new fixed assets.	
This is the amount of current year depreciation.	(483,159)
This is the amount of new assets paid in the Government Funds.	612,687
This is the amount of loss on disposal of Governmental Fund assets.	(15,458)
This is the amount of proceeds on the sale of assets included in the change in the Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,020)
Change in inventory is not included in the governmental fund statements	17,520
Liability for personal leave days are not recorded in Governmental Funds.	
This is decrease in compensated leave during the year	3,298
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Page 4)	\$ 268,958

Introduction

The Mountain Rides Transportation Authority (MRTA) is a local government entity created by a joint powers agreement between Blaine County and the Cities of Ketchum, Sun Valley, Hailey, Bellevue, and Carey – as prescribed under Idaho code. MRTA was formerly known as the Ketchum-Sun Valley Public Transit Authority. MRTA serves transportation needs in the Wood River Valley, extending along the valley corridor from Ketchum/Sun Valley on the north to Bellevue on the south.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Scope of Entity

The Authority's financial statements include the accounts of all operations under the oversight authority of the Board. Oversight responsibility is derived from the governmental unit's authority and includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Based on the foregoing criteria, no component units are included in the Authority's financial statements.

Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The accounts of MRTA are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures. MRTA has a general operating fund, a capital reserve fund, and a work force housing fund.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Authority as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Authority.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Authority at yearend. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Authority. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Authority.

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Under modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Available for purposes of revenue recognition is defined as sixty days. Revenue sources susceptible to accrual include advertising, charter, state, federal and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include the accrual of payroll and related payroll liabilities.

Capitalizing Assets

Tangible and/or intangible assets used in operations with an initial useful life that extends beyond one year are capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at their historical cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over their estimated useful lives. They are reported net of accumulated depreciation on the Statements of Net Position. The Authority has established a capitalization threshold of items costing in excess of \$5000.

Note 1 - Continued

Depreciation of buildings, buses, and machinery and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	20-40 Years
Buses	10-12 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 Years

Restricted Net Assets

Restricted net assets are those for which a constraint has been imposed either externally or by law. MRTA recognized the use of restricted resources or expenditures that comply with the specific restrictions. Restricted resources are exhausted before unrestricted net assets are used.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for each fund before October 1 of each year in accordance with Idaho code. The budgets are prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted amounts shown are as originally adopted and as amended by MRTA.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

MRTA's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturities of less than 90 days.

Investments

State statutes authorize MRTA to invest in obligations of U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements, and the Idaho State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool. All investments of MRTA are placed in the State Investment Pool and stated at fair value as provided by the Pool.

Inventories

Inventory is valued at cost using the first in, first out method. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for future consumption or capitalization. The cost is recorded as an expense as inventory items are consumed and is reflected in the government-wide financial statements only. Inventory items are reported as expenditures in the fund statements when purchased.

Subsequent Events

Any subsequent events have been evaluated as of December 8, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH DEPOSITS

Cash and cash deposit balances at September 30, 2014:

	Book Balance	Bank Balance
Petty cash/undeposited funds	100	0
Mountain West Bank checking accounts (FDIC Insured)	165,101	187,043
State of Idaho Local Govt Investment Pool	813,508	809,341
Total Cash/Cash Deposit	978,709	996,384

Note 2 - Continued

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are valued at the fair value. The Local Government Investment Pool is managed by the State of Idaho Treasurer's office. The funds of the pool are invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities. The certificates of deposit are federally insured. The U.S. government securities and the collateral for the repurchase agreements are held in trust by a safekeeping bank.

An annual audit is conducted by the State Legislative Auditors Office. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Idaho has full access to the records of the pool.

Risk Exposure

Interest Rate Risk – MRTA does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – MRTA has no formal investment policy which would further limit its investment choices beyond those stated in the Idaho Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk – MRTA places no formal limits on the amount the Treasurer may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that funds would be lost in the event of bank failure. MRTA does not have a formal deposit policy to limit custodial credit risk.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2014, is as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:	_	Datances	Increases	Decreases	Dalances
Land	\$	125,000 \$	85,000 \$	\$	210,000
Construction in Progress		0	83,774	•	83,774
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements		2,080,168			2,080,168
Vehicles		3,848,718	434,238	(68,028)	4,214,928
Office Equipment		10,977	9,675	, ,	20,652
Shop Equipment		79,464			79,464
Total	_	6,144,327	612,687	(68,028)	6,688,986
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements		(680,377)	(55,973)		(736,350)
Vehicles		(1,859,095)	(419,239)	37,550	(2,240,784)
Office Equipment		(9,255)	(3,282)		(12,537)
Shop Equipment		(39,873)	(4,665)		(44,538)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	_	(2,588,600)	(483,159)	37,550	(3,034,209)
Governmental capital assets, net	\$_	3,555,727 \$	129,528 \$_	(30,478) \$	3,654,777

NOTE 4 – ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

This amount includes personal leave time earned by employees, but not used as of fiscal year end.

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

MRTA has a noncontributory defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all employees who have been employed for the lesser of twelve months or 1,000 hours. MRTA's contributions are made at the discretion of the board of directors. Vesting of accrued benefits occurs at the rate of 20% after two years of service, plus 20% for each year of service, thereafter. Contributions to the plan for the years ended September 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$84,309, \$86,693 and \$62,488, respectively.

NOTE 6 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

MRTA receives a significant portion of its support from the cities of Ketchum and Sun Valley. Should the cities decrease their share of participation, MRTA would be forced to find other sources of revenue or make a significant reduction in services.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the Authority contracted with Idaho County Risk Management Program (ICRMP) for property, crime and fleet insurance and the State Insurance Fund for workman's compensation. Under the terms of the ICRMP policy, the Authority's liability is limited to the amount of annual financial membership contributions, including a per occurrence deductible. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage in the current year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 8 – ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS

MRTA owns land and facilities to provide repair and maintenance of their transportation equipment. These items carry a responsibility for environmental issues, which, if violated, would be a liability to MRTA. There has been no environmental study to determine the existence of any such liabilities.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- General Fund for the year ended September 30, 2014

	_	Original and Final Budget Amounts	,	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:						
Federal Funding	\$	897,000	\$	1,025,366	\$	128,366
State Funding		25,500		4,957		(20,543)
Local Funding		1,010,368		1,010,368		0
Fare Revenues		382,000		372,543		(9,457)
Charter Bus and Bike Share Revenue		21,000		15,499		(5,501)
Workforce Housing Revenue				ŕ		0
Advertising		49,000		54,323		5,323
Interest Income		500		500		0
Proceeds on Sale of Assets						0
Other Revenues		500	_	501		1
Total Revenue	_	2,385,868	_	2,484,057		98,189
EXPENDITURES:						
Wages and Benefits		1,528,590		1,519,030		9,560
Fuel		349,078		319,688		29,390
Repairs and Maintenance		179,200		192,856		(13,656)
Rent and Utilities		59,000		58,419		581
Contracted Services		42,500		28,832		13,668
Marketing and Promotion		47,000		44,883		2,117
Insurance		111,000		108,676		2,324
Capital Expenditures						0
Supplies		19,900		19,553		347
Travel and Training		19,000		14,087		4,913
Printing and Reproduction		12,000		11,089		911
Miscellaneous		8,600	_	2,610	-	5,990
Total Expenditures	_	2,375,868	_	2,319,723		56,145
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)		10,000		164,334		154,334
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers from other funds		40,000		20,000		(20,000)
Operating transfers (to) other funds		(50,000)	-	(25,982)	-	24,018
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		0		158,352		158,352
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		447,656	_	447,656		0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$_	447,656	\$_	606,008	\$	158,352

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- Capital Reserve Fund for the year ended September 30, 2014

	-	Original and Final Budget Amounts	_	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:						
Federal Funding	\$	1,584,000	\$	393,845	\$	(1,190,155)
State Funding		13,500		2,635		(10,865)
Local Funding		210,452		210,452		0
Fare Revenues		35,000		35,000		0
Charter Bus and Bike Share Revenue						0
Workforce Housing Revenue						0
Advertising Interest Income		300		272		0
Proceeds on Sale of Assets		300		373 15 020		73
Other Revenues		1,500		15,020 500		15,020
other revenues	-	1,500	_	300	•	(1,000)
Total Revenue	-	1,844,752	_	657,825	-	(1,186,927)
EXPENDITURES:						
Wages and Benefits						0
Fuel						0
Repairs and Maintenance						0
Rent and Utilities						0
Contracted Services						0
Marketing and Promotion Insurance						0
Capital Expenditures		2 202 211		(05.255		0
Supplies		2,203,311		695,355		1,507,956
Travel and Training						0
Printing and Reproduction						0
Miscellaneous						0
	_		-		-	
Total Expenditures	-	2,203,311	_	695,355	-	1,507,956
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)		(358,559)		(37,530)		321,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Operating transfers from other funds		231,826		25,982		(205,844)
Operating transfers (to) other funds	_		_		-	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(126,733)		(11,548)		115,185
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	_	366,510		366,510	-	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ =	239,777	\$_	354,962	\$_	115,185

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual -- Work Force Housing Fund for the year ended September 30, 2014

	Original and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUE:			
Federal Funding State Funding Local Funding Fare Revenues Charter Bus and Bike Share Revenue Workforce Housing Revenue Advertising	\$ 30,175	\$ 31,201	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,026
Interest Income Proceeds on Sale of Assets Other Revenues			(17) 0 0
Total Revenue	30,225	31,234	1,009
EXPENDITURES:			
Wages and Benefits Fuel Repairs and Maintenance Rent and Utilities Contracted Services Marketing and Promotion Insurance Capital Expenditures Supplies Travel and Training	4,500 5,725	3,062 5,750	0 0 0 1,438 (25) 0 0 0
Printing and Reproduction Miscellaneous		136	0 (136)
Total Expenditures	10,225	8,948	1,277
EXCESS REVENUE (EXPENDITURES)	20,000	22,286	2,286
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers from other funds Operating transfers (to) other funds	(20,000)	(20,000)	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	0	2,286	2,286
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	30,183	30,183	0
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$30,183	\$32,469	\$

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended September 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation:		
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	\$ 341,211
Pass-Through Idaho Transportation Department (1722):		
Public Transportation for Non Urbanized Areas	20.509	834,680
Enhanced Mobility For Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	6,514
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	7,547
Bus and Bus Facilities Program	20.526	39,999
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	12,635
Job Access - Reverse Commute (JARC)	20.516	114,032
New Fredom Program Formula Grant	20.521	62,593
Total		\$1,419,211

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Mountain Rides Transportation Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The Information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The examination of the records of the Mountain Rides transportation Authority, Idaho for the year ended September 30, 2013, revealed no areas of comments.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

The examination of the records of the Mountain Rides transportation Authority, Idaho for the year ended September 30, 2014, revealed no areas of comments, findings or questioned costs

MOUNTAIN RIDES TRANSPORATION AUTHORITY Year Ended September 30, 2014

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section 1 - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)	yes <u>X</u> No yes <u>X</u> None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)	yes <u>X</u> No yes <u>X</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
Program Title	Federal CFDA Number
U.S. Department of Transportation:	

<u>Program Title</u>	Federal CFDA Number
U.S. Department of Transportation:	
Public Transportation for Non Urbanized Areas Nonurbanized Area Formula Program (ARRA)	20.509 20.509
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_X_yes no

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No material weaknesses were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No material weaknesses were reported.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

December 1, 2014

To the Board of Directors Mountain Rides Transportation Authority

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mountain Rides Transportation Authority (MRTA), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MRTA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered MRTA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MRTA's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MRTA's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the MRTA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MRTA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DENNIS R. BROWN Certified Public Accountant Twin Falls, Idaho



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

December 1, 2014

To the Board of Directors Mountain Rides Transportation Authority Ketchum, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited the Mountain Rides Transportation Authority's (MRTA) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the MRTA's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014. The MRTA's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the MRTA's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the MRTA's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of the MRTA's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, the MRTA complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Other Matters

The results of my auditing procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Report Continued--

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the MRTA is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered the MRTA's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control overall compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the MRTA's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

DENNIS R BROWN Certified Public Accountant Twin Falls, Idaho

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